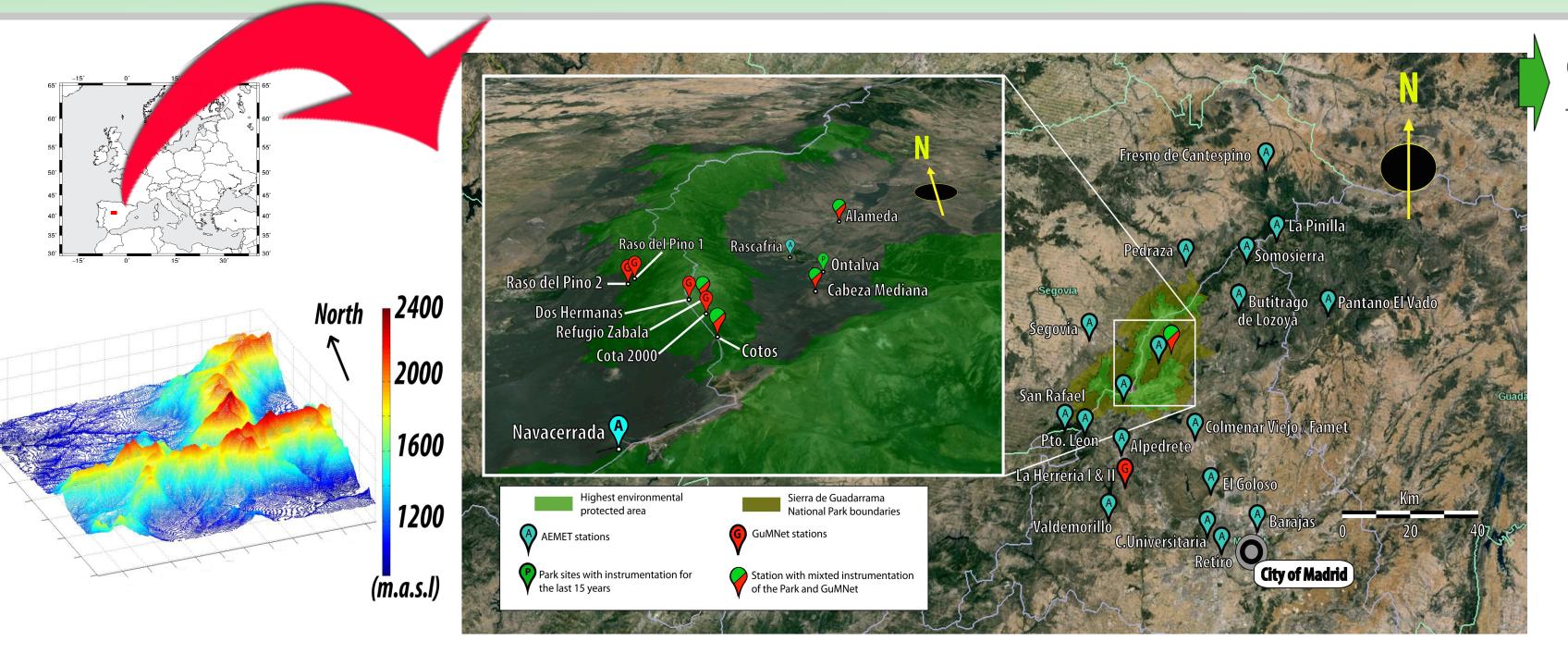


GuMNet: A high altitude Monitoring Network in the Guadarrama mountains, Madrid (Spain)



GuMNet Team *

1. Infrastructure:

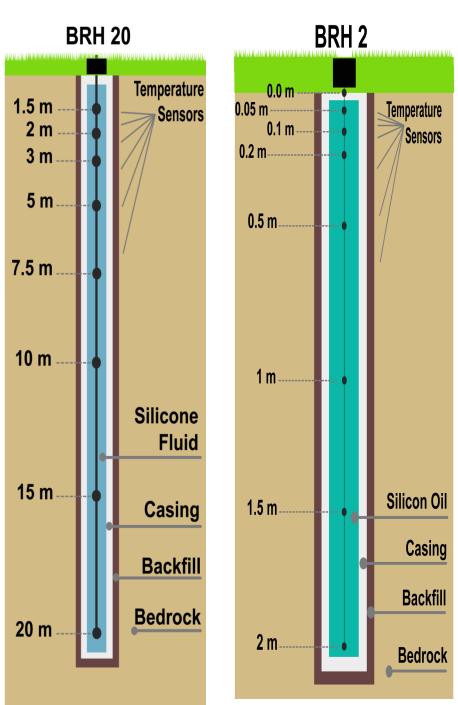


GuMNet (Guadarrama Monitoring Network) is a joint initiative to build up an observational meteorological and sub-surface infrastructure in the Sierra de Madrid, central Spain. The resulting network consists of the following instrumentation:

- 8 complete WMO standard meteorological stations,
- 14 experimental boreholes for monitoring the subsurface temperature evolution, distributed over the 8 WMO-typesites,
- 8 trenches for direct monitoring of temperature and humidity of the soil, at each station,
- 2 anemometric stations jointly with CO₂ and H₂O vapor flux trace analyzers and eddy covariance measurements.

These high altitude locations are within the **National Park Sierra de Guadarrama** (PNSG), an environmentally protected area (see left figure, green area). The GuMNet initiative will be complemented by locations endorsed by the **Spanish National Meteorological Agency** (AEMET, see blue icons). GuMNet builds upon a network of 5 sites (green icons) including meteorological instrumentation within the PNSG that have been operational over 10 to 15 years. 4 of these sites have been updated and extended with new meteorological instrumentation and also incorporated soil and subsurface monitoring infrastructure (green/red icons). This region is characterized by a complex topography and heterogeneous vegetation cover offering a variety of different micro-climate setups, e.g. pine forest, scrub, pastures, or bare soil/rock areas. The GuMNet initiative is supported by research groups and funded by the **Moncloa Campus of Excellence** with additional infrastructure and collaboration support by the PNSG and AEMET (see *GuMNet team). The goal of GuMNet is to create a meeting point to develop educational and research synergies between diverse institutions and research groups of wide range of disciplines. The network and its web site server **will be fully operational in 2016**

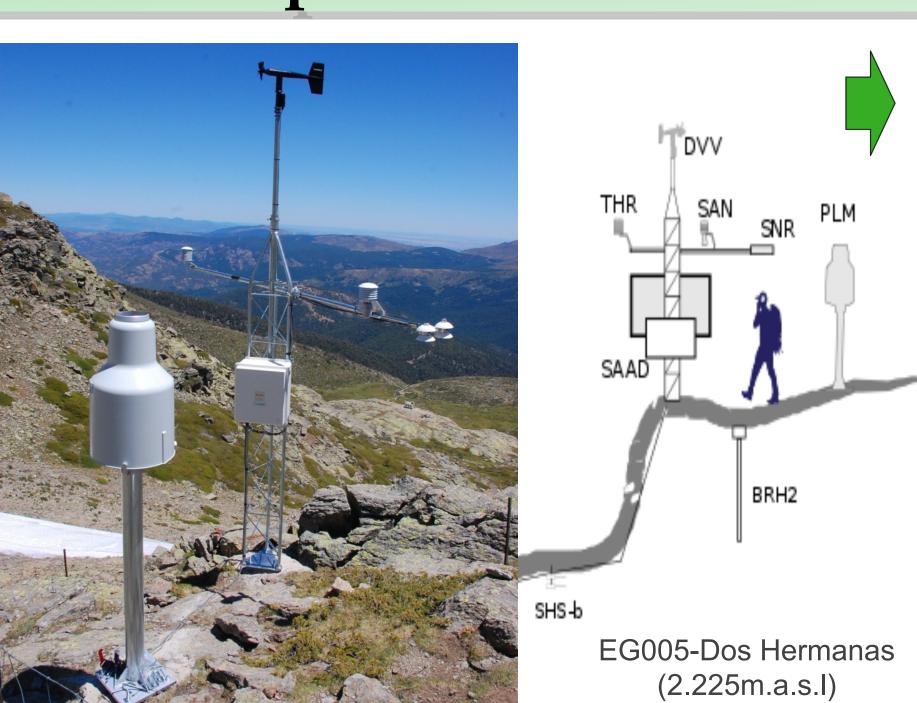
2. Soil and subsurface



An interesting feature of the GuMNet observation sites is the monitoring of subsurface temperatures. Temperature sensors are being placed at **14 different depths** at each station through two monitored **experimental boreholes of 2 (BRH2) and 20 meters depth (BRH20).** Both BRHs are filled with silicon oil to avoid freezing effects. Additionally, a trench (SHS) will be daug in the first layers (1-2 m) of sediment to introduce **temperature and humidity sensors**. This allows to establish and document the soil horizons at each site as well as monitoring soil temperature and moisture.

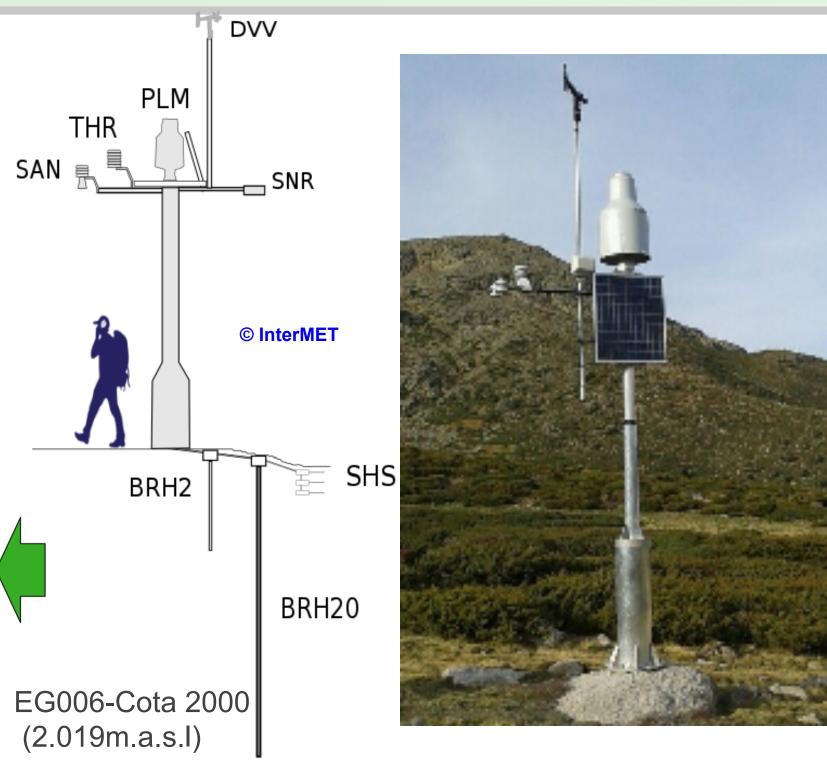
[Top]: Drilling work at EG004-Raso del Pino I site. [Bottom]: Core rocks obtained by drilling the experimental boreholes. The analysis of the samples jointly with the soil horizons will provide valuable metadata of the soil and subsurface biological, physical and chemical properties that will provide complementary information to the future **GuMNet database**.

3. Atmosphere



A GPRS connection is established between all the remote stations and a central server. This configuration allows to download the recorded data once a day and to verify the health status of the instrumentation, hence minimizing the loss of data. The standard GuMNet station [left] includes: an alpine wind monitor (DVV), an air temperature and humidity sensor (THR), ultrasonic snow height sensor (SAN), a 4 component net radiation sensor (SNR) and a rain gauge (PLM) specially designed for snow measurements. Note the additional subsurface infrastructure (BRH2, SHS).

EG006-Cota2000 is an example of experimental compact meteorological station, designed to minimize the environmental impact and to withstand high snow covered periods.



4. Eddy covariance CO₂ flux



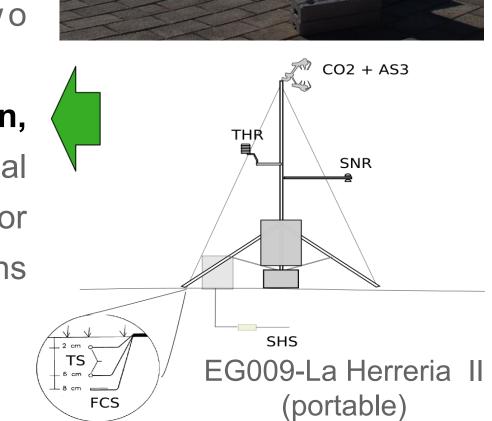
PLM TA TA TA TA TA TA SHS BRH2

BRH20 EG008-La Herreria (920m.a.s.l)

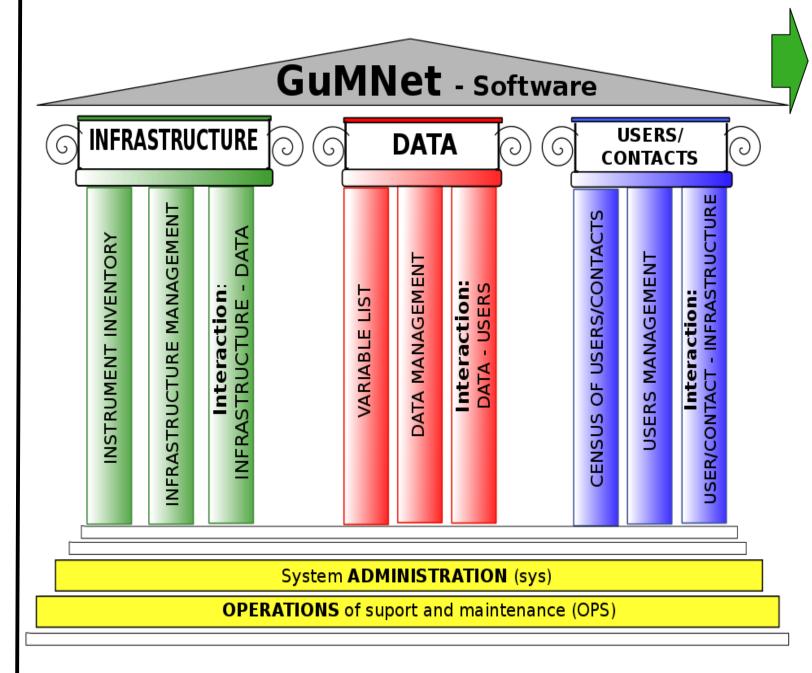
anemometric tower with wind speed (VV) and air temperature (TA) sensors at three different heights. This configuration is complemented with an in-situ open-path mid-infrared absorption gas analyzer integrated with a three dimensional sonic anemometer (CO2+AS3). Likewise, the station includes the standard WMO meteorological sensors, the two experimental boreholes and the trench. A complementary twin portable station,

A complementary twin portable station, EG009-La Herreria II is also operational for comparison purposes at this site or for use in intensive measurement campaigns elsewhere.





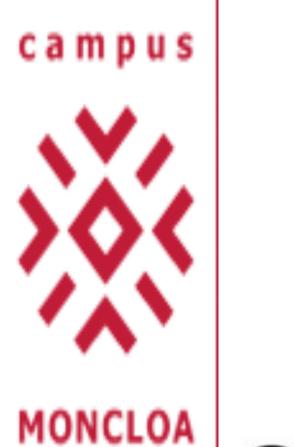
5. Software management system



The different parts of the GuMNet infrastructure and the communication system will be wrapped up under a software management tool. The GuMNet-Software will help to track and maintain instrumentation as well as managing data and datausers in order to registries all the interactions that may be relevant to facilitate data interpretation and management of the system.

The vision of GuMNet is to serve as a high mountain laboratory by providing data and derived products for research, teaching and leisure users of the Guadarrama mountains.

* 6. GuMNet team (institutions and a few names)



Agencia Estatal de Meteorología

SIERRA DE

GUADARRAMA

PARQUE NACIONAL



UCM:

- PalMA, Paleoclimate Modeling and Analysis : J. F. González-Rouco (PI), E. Santolaria-Canales.
- MicroVAR, Micrometeorology and climate Variability: C. Yagüe, G. Maqueda, L. Duran.
- OFANA O
- GFAM, Geografía Física de Alta Montaña : D. Palacios, J. Ubeda.
- CEI, Campus de Excelencia Internacional: A. Casado, L. Semprún.
- PDC, Plataforma de Divulgación Científica : J.Antonio Jimenez, R. Jimeno.
- CPD, Centro de Procesamiento de Datos: *J. De Castro .*
- ▶ **UPM:** CEIGRAM, Centro de Estudios e Investigación para la Gestion de Riesgos Agrarios y Medioambientales: *A. Tarquis, E. Luque, A. Saa.*
- Ciemat > CIEMAT:



- Departamento Energías Renovables: J. Navarro.
- Departamento Medio Ambiente: Rosa M. Inclán, T. Schmid
- CSIC-UCM: IGEO, Instituto de Geociencias: V. López, J. Trinidad López, E. Vélez.
- ► **AEMET:** Agencia Estatal de Meteorología: *E.Rodríguez, M. J. Casado.*
- PNSG, Parque Nacional Sierra de Guadarrama: A. Vielva, M. Redondo, I. Granados
- DIAS DIAS, Dublin Institute for Advanced Studies: V. Rath

Contact: Edmundo Santolaria-Canales [edmundo.santolaria@ucm.es]