

Bachelor in Physics

(Academic Year 2025-26)

Thermodynamics			Code	800499	Yea	ar	2nd	S	em.	1st	
	Module	General Core	Topic	Clas	ssical Physics		CI	haract	er	Obli	gatory

	Total	Theory	Exercises
ECTS Credits	7.5	4.5	3
Semester hours	69	39	30

Learning Objectives (according to the Degree's Verification Document)

To get knowledge of:

- Thermodynamic Laws and their consequences.
- First Law as the general principle of energy conservation with an equation of state, the internal energy
- Entropy and how its properties affect the thermodynamic behavior of systems.
- Thermodynamic potentials as a complete information of a thermodynamic system.
- Relationship between thermodynamic formalism and experiments.

Brief description of contents

Zeroth Law. Concept of temperature. First Law: internal energy and heat. Second Law: entropy. Thermodynamic potentials, stability and equilibrium. Open systems, phase changes, critical points. Third Law.

Prerequisites

Calculus. Fundamental Physics.

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	Theory/Problems – Schedule and Teaching Staff								
Group Lecture Room Day		Day	Time	Professor Period/ Dates		Hours	T/E	Dept.	
В	10	Mo,Tu Fr	9:00 – 10:30 9:00 – 11:00	Mohamed Khayet Souhaimi	Full term	69	T/E	EMFTEL	

T: Theory, E: Exercises

Office hours								
Group	Professor	Schedule	E-mail	Location				
K	Mohamed Khayet Souhaimi	Tu: 11:00-14:00 + 3 h online, campus virtual and e-mail (M-Fr)	khayetm@fis.ucm.es	01.106.0				

Syllabus

1.- Introduction and fundamental concepts.

Microscopic and macroscopic descriptions. Thermodynamic systems. Thermodynamic variables. Equilibrium. Changes in equilibrium states and processes.

2.- Temperature and the Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics.

Thermal equilibrium. Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics. Empirical temperature. Temperature scales.

3.- Phenomenological description of most common thermodynamics systems.

Thermodynamic equilibrium. Hydrostatic systems. Description of other simple systems.

4.- The concept of work in Thermodynamics.

Work in a hydrostatic system and in other simple systems. General equation of work.

5.- The First Law of Thermodynamics.

Adiabatic work. Internal energy function. Heat flow. First Law of Thermodynamics. Heat concept. Heat capacity. Illustrative applications of the first Law of Thermodynamics.

6.- The Second Law of thermodynamics.

Classical statements of the second Law of Thermodynamics. Entropy. Entropy and irreversibility. Principle of increase of entropy.

7.- Thermodynamic formalism of closed systems.

Fundamental equation of Thermodynamics. Entropy and internal energy representations. Equilibrium and stability in a homogeneous closed system.

8.- Alternative representations.

Thermodynamic potentials. Helmohltz and Gibbs functions. Maxwell' s relations. Equilibrium and stability in the alternative representations.

9.- Practical equations in Thermodynamics

Practical equations for the entropy, the internal energy and the thermodynamic potentials.

10.- Open systems

Second Law of Thermodynamics for open systems. Chemical potential. Fundamental equation and chemical potentials. Equilibrium conditions. Gibbs phase rule.

11.- Phase transitions

Classification of phase transitions. First-order phase transitions. Clausius-Clapeyron equation. Other phase transitions. Critical points.

12.- Third Law of Thermodynamics

Statements and consequences of the Third Law of Thermodynamics.

Bibliography

Basic:

- D. Kondepudi, I. Prigogine, Modern Thermodynamics (Wiley)
- M. W. Zemansky, R. H. Dittman, Heat and Thermodynamics (McGraw-Hill)
- C.J. Adkins, Equilibrium thermodynamics (McGraw-Hill)

Complementary:

- W. Greiner, L. Neise y H. Stöcker. Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics (Springer Verlag)
- M. Kardar. Statistical Physics of Particles (Cambridge University Press)
- Münster, Classical Thermodynamics (Wiley-Interscience)

Online Resources

Virtual campus

http://phet.colorado.edu/es/simulations/category/physics/heat-and-thermodynamics

http://www.sc.ehu.es/sbweb/fisica/estadistica/estadistica.htm

http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hframe.html

http://entropysite.oxy.edu/

Methodology

The following formative activities will be developed:

- * Theory lessons where the main concepts of the subject will be explained.
- * Practical lessons involving resolution of exercises and supervised activities.

Students will be provided with a collection of exercises prior to their resolution in class.

Professor will receive students in the specified schedule of tutorials in order to solve doubts and expand concepts.

Evaluation Criteria						
Exams	Weight:	70 %				

There will be a practical final exam, consisting of solving problems and exercises, in which class notes and freely chosen books of theory can be used.

Other Activities Weight: 30 %

The continuous evaluation activities will consist of problems and/or exercises delivered throughout the course individually and/or in group, and/or small individual tests carried out during the course.

Final Mark

The final grade (F) will be the best of the following two:

F = 0.3 A + 0.7 E F = E

where A is the final grade for "Other Activities" and E is the final exam grade (both over 10).

To pass the course by applying the first equation, a minimum of 4 out of 10 will be required in the grade corresponding to the final exam.

The final grading criteria will be also maintained for the extraordinary session, as well as the corresponding grade for other activities.